

(e) A plane wall having a uniform energy generation per unit volume is exposed to a fluid. Assuming one-dimensional heat conduction, derive an expression for temperature distribution within the wall.

(f) What do you understand by the Heat Electrical analogy? With the help of an example of walls in series explain its importance.

2. Attempt any **two** parts of the following : **(10×2=20)**

(a) Consider two long, very long rods (A and B) of the same diameter but different materials. One end of each rod is attached to a base surface at 100°C, and the rods are exposed to the ambient air at 20°C. By traversing the length of each rod with a thermocouple, it was observed that the temperatures of the rods were equal at the positions $X_A = 0.15$ m (for rod A) and $X_B = 0.075$ m (for rod B), where X is measured from the base surface. If the thermal conductivity of rod A is known to be $k_A = 70$ W/m.K, determine the value of k_B for rod B.

(b) Derive an expression for time constant of temperature measuring device. Discuss the effect of various parameters on the time constant.

(c) Derive an expression for heat transfer rate from a fin with insulated tip. Discuss the concept of corrected length of fin.

3. Answer any **two** parts of the following : **(10×2=20)**

(a) Explain the significance of various dimensionless numbers to natural convection. Discuss physical mechanism of free convection with the help of neat sketch.

(b) Air at temperature of 28°C flows with a velocity of 10m/s over a flat plate 0.5m long and 10 m wide. Find the heat transfer rate from the plate, if the plate is maintained at 300°C.

For air take : $\nu = 5.21 \times 10^{-4}$ m²/s;
 $k = 0.0364$ W/m. K; $Pr = 0.687$

Use the following expression for local Nusselt Number

$$N_{uL} = 0.332 Re_x^{1/2} Pr^{1/3}$$

(c) Oil at 150°C flows slowly through a long, thin-walled pipe of 30-mm inner diameter. The pipe is suspended in a room for which the air temperature is 20°C and the convection coefficient at the outer tube surface is 11 W/m². K. Estimate the heat loss per unit length of tube. Assume fully developed flow and negligible thermal resistance of tube wall.

For unused engine oil at 423 K : $k = 0.133$ W/m. K

4. Answer any **two** parts of the following : **(10×2=20)**

(a) What do you understand by the self radiation rule, summation rule and reciprocity rule? Prove any two of them.