

6. Attempt any **two** parts of the following :  $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

- (a) Describe the wave shaping circuit in which two stable states are available.
- (b) Draw and describe the principle of Wein Bridge Oscillator and give the condition for sustained oscillation using op amp.
- (c) Describe the construction and working principle of Tunnel diode with suitable diagram and VI characteristic.

7. Attempt any **two** parts of the following :  $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

- (a) Discuss the higher and lower frequency response of RC Coupled amplifier using BJT.
- (b) Explain the working of universal shift register.
- (c) Design a full adder circuit using decoder and logic gates.

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

**PAPER ID : 1254** Roll No. 

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**B.Tech.**

(SEM. III) ODD SEMESTER THEORY  
EXAMINATION 2013-14

**ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS**

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Note :- Attempt **all** Sections.

**SECTION-A**

1. Attempt **all** parts of the following :  $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- (a) Explain fan-in and fan-out and propagation delay in logic families.
- (b) Differentiate between combinational logic circuits and sequential logic circuits.
- (c) Give the State Transition diagram of R-S flip flop.
- (d) Explain Barkhausen's criteria for oscillations.
- (e) Give the pin diagram of IC 555.
- (f) Why photodiode is always used in reverse bias condition ?
- (g) Differentiate between an encoder and decoder.
- (h) Tabulate the excitation table of JK flip flop.
- (i) Simplify the following three variable Boolean expression :  
 $Y = \sum m(2, 4, 6)$
- (j) Give the ideal characteristics of operational-amplifier.

## SECTION-B

2. Attempt any **three** parts of the following : (10×3=30)
- (a) Explain the working of transistor as a switch. Define rise time, fall time, delay time, storage time.
- (b) (i) Implement the following Boolean function using  $8 \times 1$  Mux :
- $$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m(2, 4, 5, 7, 10, 14)$$
- (ii) Design a BCD to Excess-3 code converter.
- (c) (i) Explain the working of RC ladder phase shift oscillator. Give the frequency at which we obtain sustained oscillations.
- (ii) In a Colpitt's oscillator, if the desired frequency is 500 kHz estimate the value of L and C.
- (d) (i) What are voltage regulators ? Discuss the working of shunt and series op-amp based voltage regulators.
- (ii) Write a short note on Switch Mode Power Supply (SMPS).
- (e) (i) Derive the input and output resistance of a Transconductance and Voltage amplifier.
- (ii) Give the general properties of negative feedback. Explain how negative feedback can affect the properties of input impedance, output impedance and bandwidth stability.

## SECTION-C

**Note** :- Attempt **all** questions. All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

3. Attempt any **two** parts of the following : (2×5=10)
- (a) Realize a JK Flip Flop using R-S Flip Flop.
- (b) Explain the working of Switch Tail Ring Counter.
- (c) Design a Modulo-5 synchronous counter using T Flip Flop.
4. Attempt any **two** parts of the following : (2×5=10)
- (a) Explain the characteristics of a varactor diode and mention how it can be used in a resonant circuit. Also list some of its applications.
- (b) Explain the working of Hartley Oscillator with suitable diagram. Give its expression for frequency of oscillation.
- (c) Give the circuit diagram of a Non-Inverting Schmitt Trigger and derive the expression for hysteresis voltage.
5. Attempt any **two** parts of the following : (2×5=10)
- (a) Design and explain a circuit diagram for astable multivibrator having 50% duty cycle using IC 555 timer.
- (b) How the construction of a Schottky barrier diode is different from conventional semiconductor diode significantly ? Describe its mode of operation.
- (c) Draw the equivalent circuit of BJT at high frequency and derive the expression for upper cut-off frequency.