

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 0324

Roll No.

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**B.Tech.**

(SEM. III) ODD SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION 2012-13  
**ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELD THEORY**

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

**Note : Attempt all the questions.**1. Answer any **four** parts :(a) If  $\vec{A} = 3a_r + 2a_\theta - 6a_\phi$  and  $B = 4a_r + 3a_\phi$ . Determine :

(i)  $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}$

(ii)  $|\vec{A} \times \vec{B}|$

(b) Prove that the total outward flux of a vector field  $\vec{A}$  through the closed surfaces  $S$  is the same as the volume integral of the divergence of  $\vec{A}$ .(c) Evaluate  $\nabla \times \vec{A}$  and  $\nabla \cdot \nabla \times \vec{A}$ , if

$$\vec{A} = x^2 y a_x + y^2 z a_y - 2xz a_z.$$

(d) Prove that :

$$\nabla \cdot (\nabla \vec{A}) = \nabla \nabla \cdot \vec{A} + \vec{A} \cdot \nabla \nabla$$

where  $V$  is a scalar field and  $A$  is a vector field.(e) If  $U = xz - x^2y + y^2z^2$  evaluate  $\text{div grad } U$ .

(f) Explain Stoke's theorem.

2. Answer any **four** parts :

(a) Explain Coulomb's law and field intensity.

(b) Define Electric potential.

(c) If  $\mathbf{J} = \frac{1}{3} (2 \cos \theta \mathbf{a}_r + \sin \theta \mathbf{a}_\theta) \text{ A/m}^2$ . Calculate the

current passing through a hemisphere shell of radius 20 cm.

(d) A wire of diameter 1 mm and conductivity  $5 \times 10^7 \text{ S/m}$  has  $10^{29}$  free electrons/m<sup>3</sup> when an electric field of 10 mV/m is applied. Determine :

- (i) The current density
- (ii) The current in the wire
- (iii) The charge density of free electrons.

- (e) Explain Dielectric Boundary conditions.
- (f) Explain Free-space Boundary condition.

3. Answer any **two** parts :

- (a) Given the magnetic vector potential  $\mathbf{A} = -\rho^2/4 \mathbf{a}_z \text{ Wb/m}$ , calculate the total magnetic flux crossing the surface  $\phi = \pi/2, 1 \leq \rho \leq 2 \text{ m}, 0 \leq z \leq 5 \text{ m}$ .
- (b) Explain magnetic boundary conditions.
- (c) A charged particle moves with a uniform velocity  $4 \mathbf{a}_x \text{ m/s}$  in a region where  $\mathbf{E} = 20 \mathbf{a}_y \text{ V/m}$  and  $\mathbf{B} = B_0 \mathbf{a}_z \text{ Wb/m}^2$ . Determine  $B_0$  such that the velocity of the particle remains constant.

4. Answer any **two** parts :

- (a) Prove that the net power flowing out of a given volume  $V$  is equal to the time rate of decrease in energy stored within volume  $V$  minus the conduction losses.

(b) A parallel plate capacitor with a plate area of  $5 \text{ cm}^2$  and plate separation of 3 mm has a voltage  $50 \sin 10^3 t \text{ V}$  applied to its plates. Calculate the displacement current assuming  $\epsilon = 4 \epsilon_0$ .

(c) In a free space  $\mathbf{H} = 0.2 \cos (wt - Bx) \mathbf{a}_z \text{ A/m}$ . Find the total power passing :

- (i) A square plate of side 10 cm on plane  $x + z = 1$ .
- (ii) A circular disc of radius 5 cm on plane  $x = 1$ .

5. Answer any **two** parts :

- (a) Find the input impedance of  $75 \Omega$  lossless transmission line of length  $0.1 \lambda$  when the load is short by using Smith chart.
- (b) Derive the relation between reflection coefficient and voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR). Explain what will be the input impedance of transmission line when output impedance is short.
- (c) A lossless transmission line used in a TV receiver has a capacitance of  $50 \text{ PF/m}$  and an inductance of  $200 \text{ nH/m}$ . Find the characteristics impedance for sections of a line 10 meter long and 500 meter long.