

$$\int_{C} \left(x^{2} + xy\right) dx + \left(x^{2} + y^{2}\right) dy$$

where C is the square formed by the lines $y = \pm 1$, $x = \pm 1$

(c) Verify Stoke's theorem for

$$\overrightarrow{F} = xy^2 \hat{i} + y \hat{j} + z^2 x \hat{k}$$
 for the surface of a rectangular lamina bounded by $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $x = 1$, $y = 2$, $z = 0$



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TAS104

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID: 9916

Roll No.

B. Tech

(SEM I) ODD SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION 2009-10 MATHEMATICS I

Time: 3 Hours]

[Total Marks: 100

Note: Attempt all questions.

- 1 Attempt any two parts of the following :
 - (a) Reduce the matrix:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & -3 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

to column echelon form and find its rank.

(b) Verify the Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 5 & 4 \\ -4 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

and hence find A^{-1} .

(c) Find the eigenvalues and the corresponding eigen vectors of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 2 Attempt any two parts of the following:
 - (a) If $y = (x^2 1)^n$, prove that $(x^2 1)y_{n+2} + 2xy_{n+1} n(n+1)y_n = 0$
 - (b) If $u = x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 3xyz$, show that $x\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + z\frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 3u$
 - (c) If u = f(r) where $r^2 = x^2 + y^2$, prove that $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = f''(r) + \frac{1}{r}f'(r)$
- 3 Attempt any two parts of the following:
 - (a) If $x = r \sin \theta \cos \phi$, $y = r \sin \theta \sin \phi$, $z = r \cos \theta$, show that $\frac{\partial (x, y, z)}{\partial (r, \theta, \phi)} = r^2 \sin \theta$

b) Determine the points where the function

$$f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 3xy$$

has a maximum or minimum.

- (c) A rectangular box open at the top is to have a given capacity. Find the dimensions of the box requiring least material for its construction.
- Attempt any two parts of the following:
 - (a) Evaluate

$$\iint\limits_A xy\,dx\,xy$$

where A is the domain bounded by x-axis, ordinate x=2a and the curve $x^2=4av$.

- (b) Find the volume bounded by the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and the planes y + z = 4 and z = 0.
- (c) Evaluate

$$\iiint\limits_R (x+y+z) dx dy dz, \text{ where}$$

 $R: 0 \le x \le 1, \ 1 \le y \le 2, \ 2 \le z \le 3$

- 5 Attempt any two parts of the following:
 - (a) Find a unit normal vector \hat{n} of the cone of revolution $z^2 = 4(x^2 + y^2)$ at the point P: (1, 0, 2).